Music		1	1 1/	<u> </u>	1.1	<u> </u>
	Key S [.]		Lower Key Stage 2		Upper Key	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Musicianship: Understanding	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.
Music	In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat	In the key centres of: C major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat.	In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4.	In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4.	In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, F major and A minor.	In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, A minor and D minor.
	together. Understand the difference	Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short.	3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat.	3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat.	In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8.	In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8.
	between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.	Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low.	Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using minims,	Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of semibreves,	Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic	Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic
	Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short.	Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa.	crotchets, quavers and their rests.	minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.	patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted	patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers,
	Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. Complete vocal warm-ups with a	s Sing short phrases independently.	Copy back and improvise simple melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E G, A, B	notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes:	quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.	semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using
	copy back option to use Solfa.		F, G, A A, B, C	C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B	Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E	the notes: D, E, F, G, A C, D, E, F, G, A, B
				G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G	C, D, E, F, G, A, B D, E, F♯, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F♯, G F, G, A, B ♭, C, D, E	G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯ D, E, F♯, G, A, B, C♯ A, B, C, D, E, F, G
Listening:	Move and dance with the music.	Mark the beat of a listening piece	Share your thoughts and feelings		G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯ Talk about feelings created by	Talk about feelings created by
Respond and	Find the steady beat.	(eg Boléro by Ravel) by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo,	about the music together.	Talk about the words of a song. Think about why the song or	the music.	the music.
analyse	Talk about feelings created by the music.	as well as changes in tempo. Walk in time to the beat of a	Find the beat or groove of the music.	piece of music was written.	Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements.	Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements.
	Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.	piece of music. Identify the beat groupings in the music you sing and listen, eg 2-time, 3-time etc. Move and dance with the music confidently.	n, eg with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.	Find and demonstrate the steady beat.	Find and demonstrate the steady beat.	Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4.
	Describe tempo as fast or slow. Describe dynamics as loud and			Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre.	Identify 2/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre.	Identify the musical style of a song using some musical vocabulary to discuss its Musical
	quiet. Join in sections of the song, eg			Identify the tempo as fast, slow or steady.	Identify the musical style of a song or piece of music.	Elements. Identify the following
	chorus. Begin to understand where the	Talk about how the music makes you feel.	Talk about what the song or piece of music means.	Recognise the style of music you are listening to.	Identify instruments by ear and through a range of media.	instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass guitar, electric guitar, percussion,
	music fits in the world. Begin to understand about	Find different steady beats. Describe tempo as fast or slow.	Identify some instruments you can hear playing.	Discuss the structures of songs.	Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs,	sections of the orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, electric organ, congas, pianos and
				Identify:	chorus and final chorus,	synthesizers, and vocal

	different styles of music	Describe dynamics as loud on	Identify if it's a male on famale		improvigation call and pageorge	tachniquae cuch ac coat sincing
	different styles of music.	Describe dynamics as loud or quiet.	Identify if it's a male or female voice singing the song.	 Call and response A solo vocal or instrumental line and the part of the encomple 	improvisation, call and response, and AB form.	techniques such as scat singing. Discuss the structure of the
		Join in sections of the song, eg call and response.	Talk about the style of the music.	and the rest of the ensemble • A change in texture • Articulation on certain words	Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song.	music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge and an instrumental break.
		Start to talk about the style of a piece of music.		• Programme music Explain what a main theme is and	Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.	Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song.
		Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.		identify when it is repeated.	Identify major and minor tonality.	Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.
		Start to talk about where music might fit into the world.		Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose.	Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic and Blues scales, by ear and from notation.	Identify major and minor tonality, chord triads I, IV and V and intervals within a major scale
				Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.	Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.	Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.
				Identify major and minor tonality.	Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose.	Know and understand what a musical introduction and outro is and its purpose.
				Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation.	Explain rapping. Recognise the following styles	Identify the sound of a Gospel choir and soloist, Rock band,
				Describe legato and staccato.	and any key musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Gospel,	symphony orchestra and A Cappella groups.
				Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B, Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco, Musicals, Classical, Rock, Gospel, Romantic, Choral, Funk and Electronic Dance Music.	Pop, Minimalism, Rock n' Roll, South African, Contemporary Jazz, Reggae, Film Music, Hip Hop, Funk, Romantic and Musicals.	Recognise the following styles and any key musical features tha distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Soul, Pop, Hip Hop, Jazz: Swing, Rock, Disco, Romantic, Zimbabwean Pop R&B, Folk, Gospel, Salsa, Reggae, Musicals and Film Music.
Singing	Sing, rap, rhyme, chant and use			Rehearse and learn songs from	Rehearse and learn songs from	Rehearse and learn songs from
<u> </u>	spoken word.	Sing as part of a choir. Demonstrate good singing posture.	Sing as part of a choir. Sing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and	memory and/or with notation.	memory and/or with notation.	memory and/or with notation.
	Demonstrate good singing posture.	Sing songs from memory and/or from notation.	structures. Demonstrate good singing	Sing in different time signatures: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4.	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time.	Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms,
	Sing songs from memory.	Sing to communicate the meaning of the words.	posture. Perform actions confidently and	Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the	Sing in unison and parts, and as part of a smaller group.	with a good sense of ensemble and performance. This should
	Copy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low).	Sing in unison and sometimes in parts, and with more pitching accuracy.	in time to a range of action songs. Sing songs from memory and/or from notation.	thicker and richer the musical texture.	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.	include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.
	Sing in unison.	Understand and follow the leader or conductor.		Demonstrate good singing posture.	Sing a second part in a song.	Continue to sing in parts where
		Add actions to a song. Move confidently to a steady beat.	Sing with attention to clear diction. Sing expressively, with attention	Demonstrate vowel sounds, blended sounds and consonants.	Self-correct if lost or out of time.	appropriate. Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and
		Talk about feelings created by the music/song.	to the meaning of the words. Sing in unison.	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.	Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.	6/8. Sing with and without an
		Recognise some band and	Understand and follow the leader	Sing expressively, with attention	Sing expressively, with attention	Sing with and without an

		orchestral instruments. Describe tempo as fast or slow.	or conductor. Copy back simple melodic phrases	to breathing and phrasing.	to dynamics and articulation.	accompaniment.
		Join in sections of the song, eg chorus.	using the voice.	Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato.	Develop confidence as a soloist.	Sing syncopated melodic patterns.
		Begin to understand where the music fits in the world. Begin to talk about and understand the style of the		Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song.	Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song. Talk confidently about how	Demonstrate and maintain good posture and breath control whilst singing.
		music.		Talk about how the songs and their styles connect to the world.	connected you feel to the music and how it connects in the world.	Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.
		Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow), and be able to demonstrate these when singing			Respond to a leader or conductor.	Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation.
		by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols				Lead a singing rehearsal.
		(eg crescendo, decrescendo, pause).				Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year.
						Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and how the songs and styles are connected to the world.
Notation	Explore ways of representing					
	high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.
	If appropriate: explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers and minims, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G F, G, A G, B, D D, E, F\$, G, A D, A, C	Explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# F, G, A, B b, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E Identify hand signals as notation, and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines.	Explore standard notation, using minims, semibreves, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B \triangleright , C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F \ddagger , G \ddagger , A, B Read and respond to semibreves, minims, crotchets and paired quavers.	Explore standard notation, using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b, C G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C Read and respond to semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers.	Explore standard notation, using minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B \triangleright , C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F $\#$ C, G, A \triangleright , B \flat G, G $\#$, A, B \flat , C D, E, F, G, A, B, C E \flat , F, G, A \flat , B \flat , C, D \flat Identify:	Explore standard notation, using dotted semibreves, dotted minims, minims, triplet crotchets, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B \triangleright , C, D, E F, G, A \triangleright , B \flat , C, D, E F, G, A \flat , B \flat , C, D, E G, A, B \flat , C, D, E, F G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F, G, A D, E, F#, A, B, C#
			Identify:	'	• Stave • Treble clef	E, F#, G, G#, A, B, C, C#
			• Stave	Identify:	• Treble clef • Time signature	E b , F, G, A b , B b , C, D
			• Treble clef	• Stave		
			• Time signature	Treble clef	Read and respond to minims,	Identify:
			 Lines and spaces on the stave 	• Time signature	crotchets, quavers, dotted	• Stave
			Identify and understand the	Identify and understand the	quavers and semiquavers.	 Treble clef Time signature
			differences between crotchets	differences between minims,	Recognise how notes are grouped	i inte signature
			and paired guavers.	crotchets, paired quavers and	when notated.	Read and respond to minims,
			Apply spoken word to rhythms,	rests.		

			understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note.	Read and perform pitch notation within a range. Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.	Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign. Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, crotchets and crotchet rests, paired quavers and semiquavers. Understand the differences between 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave (eg C-C'/do-do).	quavers and semiquavers. Recognise how notes are grouped when notated. Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign.
Playing Instruments	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation, in C major, F major, D major and D minor.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major and G major.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major. Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin or recorder.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and D major.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, E b major, C minor and D minor. Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within the middle C-C'/do-do range. This should initially be done as a whole class, with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, E \triangleright major, D minor and F minor. Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range (do-do); make decisions about dynamic range, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).
Playing The Recorder	N/A	Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or from notation, using the notes G, A, B, B b , C, E and F.	Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or from notation, using the notes C, D, E, F, F#, G, G#, A, B and B b.	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major and D major.	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of <i>C</i> major, <i>F</i> major, <i>G</i> major, E b major, <i>C</i> minor and D minor.	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of <i>C</i> major, F major, <i>G</i> major, D major, E major, A major, E b major, D minor and F minor.
Creating: Improvising	Explore improvisation within a major and minor scale using the notes: C, D, E D, E, A F, G, A D, F, G Improvise simple vocal patterns using 'Question and Answer'	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, G, A G, A, B F, G, A Work with a partner and in the class to improvise simple 'Question and Answer' phrases,	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E G, A, B, C, D F, G, A	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A C, D, E, F, G D, E, F $_{*}$, A, B D, E, F, G, A Improvise on a limited range of pitches on the instrument you are	Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes: C, D, E \triangleright , F, G C, D, E, F, G C, D, E, G, A F, G, A, B \triangleright , C D, E, F, G, A Improvise over a simple groove, responding to the beat and	Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes: C, D, E, F, G G, A, B \triangleright , C, D G, A, B, C, D F, G, A, C, D Improvise over a groove, responding to the beat, creating a satisfying melodic shape with

	phrases. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.	to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation.	F, G, A, C, D Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion, and instruments played in wholeclass/group/individual/instr umental teaching), inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or 'Question and Answer' phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end.	now learning, making use of musical features, including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato) articulation. Improvise over a simple chord progression. Improvise over a groove.	creating a satisfying melodic shape. Experiment with using a wider range of dynamics, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).	varied dynamics and articulation.
Creating: Composing	 Explore and create graphic scores: Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments and/or soundmakers. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent your own symbols. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Use simple notation if appropriate: Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C F, G F, G, A, C F, G, A, C, D 	 Explore and create graphic scores. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments. Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Use notation if appropriate: Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) G, A 	Create music and/or sound effects in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers: C, D C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C)	Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names, to create short, pentatonic phrases using a limited range of five pitches, suitable for the instruments being learnt. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a groove. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests. Use a pentatonic scale: C, D C, D, E C, D, E C, D, E, G	Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety. Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Understand how chord triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards. Perform simple,	Plan and compose an 8 or 16-beat melodic phrase, using the pentatonic scale (eg C, D, E, G, A), and incorporate rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion and/or orchestral instruments. Notate this melody. Either of these melodies can be enhanced with rhythmic or simple chordal accompaniment. Create a simple chord progression. Compose a ternary (ABA form) piece; use available music software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety.

Start and end on the note F D, F D, F, G D, F, G, A D, F, G, A D, F, G, A, C Start and end on the note D	G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F (Pentatonic on F)	C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) F, G F, G, A, $B \downarrow$ F, G, A, $B \downarrow$, C Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)	C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C) C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) A, B A, B, C A, B, C, D A, B, C, D, E Start and end on the note A (A minor) D, E D, E, F, G D, E, F, G, A	chordal accompaniments. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: F, G F, G, A F, G, A, B b F, G, A, B b F, G, A, B b, C Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B, C G, A, B, C, D Start and end on the note G (G major)	Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, and all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and and on the note C (C
Performing Enjoy and have fun performing. Choose a song/songs to perform	Start and end on the note F	Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G	A, B, C A, B, C, D A, B, C, D, E Start and end on the note A (A minor) D, E D, E, F D, E, F, G	F, G, A, B b, C Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, C G, A, B, C, D Start and end on the note G (G	Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, and all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F

to a well-known audience.	notation, and with confidence.	notation, and with confidence.	Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation.	but unknown audience.	audience.
Prepare a song to perform. Communicate the meaning of the	Decide on any actions, instrumental	Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a	Play and perform melodies	Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as the whole class.	Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school
song.	parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages to be	small range, as a whole class or in small groups.	following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in	Perform a range of repertoire	performance opportunities and to a wider audience.
Add actions to the song. Play some simple instrumental parts.	practised and included in the performance.	Include any actions, instrumental	small groups.	pieces and arrangements combining acoustic instruments,	Create, rehearse and present a
	Talk about what the song means	parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within	Include instrumental parts/improvisatory	to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.	holistic performance, with a detailed understanding of the
	and why it was chosen to share.	the rehearsal and in the performance.	sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and	Perform from memory or with	musical, cultural and historical contexts.
	Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song and	Talk about what the song means	performance.	notation, with confidence and accuracy.	Perform from memory or with
	performing it.	and why it was chosen to share.	Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the	Include instrumental	notation.
		Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, eg excitement,	historical and cultural context of the song.	parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages	Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a
		nerves, enjoyment.	Communicate the meaning of the	within the rehearsal and performance.	performance.
			words and articulate them clearly.	Explain why the song was chosen,	A student or a group of students rehearse and lead parts of the
			, Use the structure of the song to	including its composer and the historical and cultural context of	performance.
			communicate its mood and meaning in the performance.	the song.	Understand the importance of the performing space and how to
			Talk about what the rehearsal	A student leads part of the rehearsal and part of the	use it.
			and performance has taught the student.	performance.	Record the performance and compare it to a previous
			Understand how the individual	Record the performance and compare it to a previous	performance.
			fits within the larger group ensemble.	performance; explain how well the performance communicated	Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how the
			Reflect on the performance and	the mood of each piece.	audience believed in the performance.
			how well it suited the occasion.	Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of	Discuss how the performance
			Discuss and respond to any feedback; consider how future	a performance. Collect feedback from the	might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space.
			performances might be different.	audience and reflect how future performances might be different.	spuce.
				per for mances might be all terem.	